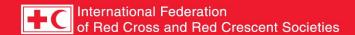
Operations update



China: Sichuan Earthquake

Emergency appeal n° MDRCN003 GLIDE n° EQ-2008-000062-CHN Operations update n° 16 22 August 2008

Three-Month Consolidated Report

Period covered by this update: First three months, 16 May - 12 August 2008
Appeal target (current): CHF 96.7 million (USD 92.7 million or EUR 59.5 million)

<click here to view the attached revised emergency appeal budget>

Appeal coverage: With contributions received to date, in cash and kind, and those in the pipeline, the appeal is currently approximately 87% covered.

<cli>k here for the current donor response list>

<click here to link to a map of the affected areas; or here for contact details>

Appeal history:

- This emergency appeal was revised on 30 May 2008 for CHF 96.7 million (USD 92.7 million or EUR 59.5 million) to support the Red Cross Society of China (RCSC) to assist approximately 100,000 families (up to 500,000 people) for 36 months.
- The emergency appeal was launched on 15 May 2008 for CHF 20,076,412 (USD 19.3 million or EUR 12.4 million) for 12 months to assist 100,000 beneficiaries.
- Disaster Relief Emergency Fund (DREF): CHF 250,000 was allocated from the International Federation's DREF to support the RCSC's response to the earthquake.

Summary:

This is a three-month consolidated report of the progress and challenges against the objectives set out in the 30 May revised emergency appeal. The emergency phase has ended and the operation is moving into early

Neighbours in Qing Quan village in Mianzhu county enjoying a simple lunch. The experience of the earthquake has made them very keen to participate in future Red Cross community-based activities in order to help other people. Photo: Bonnie So/International Federation

recovery and reconstruction. The situation and needs have changed significantly and rapidly in the three months since the earthquake struck. Given the unprecedented scale of the disaster, the reconstruction and recovery needs are enormous. Following a joint RCSC International Federation recovery assessment in Sichuan, Gansu and Shaanxi provinces and a meeting of partner National Societies in July, details of a coordinated Movement approach and plan for reconstruction are being finalised. As part of the process of recovery reconstruction planning, a technical shelter assessment is being planned for September and the findings and recommendations are expected to form the basis for a revised appeal and plan of action.

Many partner national societies and

other entities have made contributions to the appeal: American Red Cross, American government, Australian Red Cross/Australian government, Austrian Red Cross, Belgium Red Cross (Flanders), British Red Cross, Bulgarian Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross/Canadian government, Cook Islands Red Cross, Croatian Red Cross, Czech Red Cross, Danish Red Cross/Danish government, Finnish Red Cross/Finnish government, Estonia Red Cross, German Red Cross, Icelandic Red Cross/Icelandic government, Irish Red Cross, Japanese

Red Cross/Japanese government, Lithuanian Red Cross, Malaysian Red Crescent, Mauritius Red Cross, Monaco Red Cross, Netherlands Red Cross/Netherlands government, New Zealand Red Cross/New Zealand government, Norwegian Red Cross, Qatar Red Crescent, Singapore Red Cross, Spanish Red Cross, Sri Lanka Red Cross, Swedish Red Cross/Swedish government and United Arab Emirates Red Crescent Society, as well as contributions from the European Commission (ECHO), the American, Greek, Irish, Italian, Luxembourg, Slovenian and South African governments, the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), the Stavros Niarchos Foundation, Royal & Sun Alliance and United Technologies.

The situation

The earthquake on 12 May, with its epicenter in Wenchuan county, Sichuan, was one of the most destructive in recent Chinese history. With a magnitude of 8.0, the earthquake triggered landslides, thousands of aftershocks some of magnitude 5.0 and above and caused the formation of large 'quake lakes'. These caused further evacuations and hindered rescue and relief operations. According to government figures as of 7 August 2008, a total of 69,222 people were confirmed dead and 18,176 still officially listed as missing. A further 374,638 people were injured.

Affected counties have been classified according to three categories: worst-hit, seriously-affected and generally-affected. As the table below shows, most the worst-hit and seriously-affected counties are in Sichuan the most affected province. There are 186 counties named in the third category of 'general-affected' however these are not listed here due to space constraints.

	SICHUAN	GANSU	SHAANXI
No. and names of "worst-hit"	10 - Wenchuan; Maoxian;	Nil	Nil
counties	Beichuan; Pingwu; Anxian;		
	Mianzhu; Shifang; Qingchuan;		
	Dujiangyan; Pengzhou		
No. and names of	29 - Lixian; Xiaojin; Moshui;	8 - Wenxian; Wudu;	4 – Ningqiang;
"seriously-affected"	Songpan; Jiuzhaigou;	Kangxian;	Lueyang; Mianxian;
counties/districts	Jiangyou; Zitong; Youxian;	Chengxian; Huixian;	Chencang.
	Peicheng; Santai; Yanting;	Xihe; Liangdang;	
	Jingyang; Luojiang;	Zhouqu	
	Zhongjiang; Guanghan;		
	Lizhou; Chaotian; Wangcang;		
	Jian'ge; Cangxi; Yuanba;		
	Lushan; Baoxing; Hanyuan;		
	Shimian; Congzhou; Dayi;		
	Nanjiang; Lanzhong		

The government-led earthquake relief and recovery efforts have occurred at a very rapid pace. Government agencies, business organisations, social institutions and individuals across China have contributed towards the efforts both in-kind and in cash. On 11 August, the State Development and Reform Commission (NDRC) issued The State Overall Planning for the Post-Wenchuan Earthquake Restoration and Reconstruction", a draft document for soliciting public opinions from home and abroad.

On 12 August, the Sichuan provincial government announced that all displaced people in the quake-affected areas have moved into transitional housing. Government sources have revealed that out of 4.5 million families who lost their homes in the earthquake, some 978,000 urban households have moved into transitional houses in 3,400 resettlement areas built by government-sponsored construction teams from all over the country. Most of the 3.5 million rural families have reportedly rebuilt their transitional homes through their own efforts with the government subsidy of CNY 2,000 (CHF 304) per household. According to government sources, as of 12 August, about 20,000 rural permanent homes had been completed and another 175,000 are under construction.

Coordination and partnerships

The RCSC, with an extensive cross-country network of provincial and local branches and millions of members and volunteers, is the lead agency for this operation and fulfills an important role as auxiliary to the Chinese government in disaster response. The International Federation in its usual role supports the RCSC primarily through the East Asia regional office in Beijing. Federation support has increased since the earthquake through the rapid deployment of delegates and staff both from the Asia Pacific zone office in Kuala Lumpur and partner National Societies such as the American Red Cross, Australian Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross and Norwegian Red Cross. With an additional office established in Chengdu since May 2008, the Federation is committed to

supporting the RCSC earthquake recovery operations over the next three years. In the emergency phase of the operations, there were daily meetings between the Federation head of regional office and RCSC in Beijing. Regular meetings are being maintained between the head of regional office and RCSC senior management in Beijing, as well as between RCSC and Federation heads of operations in Chengdu.

There has also been regular contact between the Federation and the ICRC regional office in Beijing, which has provided valuable and practical assistance throughout the emergency phase, particularly in the translation of key documents and providing five highly-skilled bilingual staff on loan to assist with the operations. Additionally there have been two ICRC missions to Chengdu to assist with the restoration of family links in the aftermath of the quake.

In the period immediately after the disaster, the head of regional office participated in regular information-sharing meetings organized by the UN in Beijing. UN agencies in China have launched an appeal for USD33.5 million to support early recovery and reconstruction in the three most affected provinces over the next six months, before the onset of winter. This is in addition to the USD17 million already pledged for emergency humanitarian assistance to earthquake victims. A number of international as well as Hong Kong-based organizations are operating in the earthquake-affected areas, either through newly established offices or expansion of pre-existing programmes in China. These include the Salvation Army Hong Kong and MSF.

During the meeting of partner National Societies in July, the RCSC requested for the National Societies to work through a multilateral cooperation model, with joint and overall coordination undertaken by the International Federation. The details of a plausible cooperation model are being further discussed between RCSC and Federation.

National Society Capacity Building

Within hours after the 12 May earthquake, the Sichuan branch of RCSC had convened a meeting with the provincial government and made contact with RCSC National Office. By the evening of the same day, vehicles had been organised to carry the first batch of relief items, including tents and quilts to affected areas of Dujiangyan city and Beichuan county. The initial batch of tents sent to quake-affected areas was from the RCSC Chengdu Disaster Preparedness centre; one of six RCSC Disaster Preparedness centres across the country. Within days, RCSC had mobilised resources from headquarters and other branches to support the Sichuan provincial branch in earthquake relief efforts. These included the deployment of first-responder teams to set up relief distribution points in the worst-hit areas of Deyang, Mianyang, Dujiangyan, Aba, Guangyuan and Ya'an prefectures.

The earthquake response has fully stretched the capacity of the RCSC particularly Sichuan branch (17 full-time staff under normal circumstances). However it has also rallied support from the RCSC National Office and other provincial branches, including the special branches of Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan.

Most of the quake-affected communities had not experienced disasters prior to the earthquake except for small-scale and localised flooding or drought. Many villagers had not heard of the Red Cross and did not know simple first aid that can make a difference in an emergency. The aftermath of this major earthquake presents an excellent opportunity to build community resilience through community-based risk reduction programming, which will incorporate the formation of voluntary self-help village groups, dissemination of Red Cross knowledge at county and township levels, and community-based first aid training for villagers.

Red Cross volunteers have been the bedrock of the relief efforts. An estimated 35,000 RCSC volunteers worked tirelessly in the weeks and months following the quake – some at airport and railway points to meet and carry relief items, while others helped to count and receive donations. Good volunteer development and management in emergencies is an integral part of National Society capacity building and one area that the Federation Asia Pacific zone is particularly well placed to support. A lessons-learnt workshop is being planned for next year that will bring together RCSC and other branches to reflect on the experience

Red Cross and Red Crescent action

Overview

The Red Cross Society of China's National Office and all branches rallied together in Sichuan and completed the first phase of relief operations despite the extreme pressures. The RCSC have distributed more than 150,000 tents, 120,000 quilts, 250,000 pieces of clothing, 1.7 million mosquito nets, and 6,480 tonnes of food items. As part of the transition to recovery phase, RCSC National Office has allocated CNY 500 million (CHF 76 million) to

build transitional schools and clinics and CNY 2.5 billion (CHF 380 million) to support recovery and build permanent structures, i.e. rural homes, township schools, township clinics and village health stations in the provinces of Sichuan, Gansu, Shaanxi. A series of MoUs have been signed between RCSC National Office and various provincial and prefecture/district Red Cross and governments.

The focus of the International Federation operations in the last three months has been on the procurement and distribution of relief items (kitchen sets, hygiene kits, and quilts), meeting emergency shelter needs through the procurement and distribution of 100,000 tents requested by RCSC, monitoring of relief distribution and relief needs, the provision of emergency water and sanitation services with accompanying base camp support through the deployment (and handing over) of four Federation Emergency Response Units (ERUs), and last but not least a rapid assessment to better inform recovery and reconstruction planning for the Red Cross Red Crescent Movement as a whole. The recovery assessment had been affected by visa restrictions for foreigners in China but this is being resolved. The planned joint recovery assessment had been undertaken with available in-country resources (i.e. personnel) and hence could not ensure presence of technical expertise for all sectors. The unprecedented scale of the disaster and the speed of the government response have meant a rapidly evolving situation and any available information soon becomes outdated. This has posed challenges for needs identification, planning and monitoring.

Relief distribution (food and basic non-food items)

Objective 1 (0-3 months): To ensure up to 100,000 earthquake-affected families receive appropriate food and non-food items (NFI) and access to water and sanitation to help preserve their physical and mental well-being, human dignity and prevent the further deterioration of the humanitarian situation.

Expected results	Activities planned
One mass sanitation and two water and sanitation (M15s) emergency response units	 Transportation and set-up of three water and sanitation emergency response units (see water and sanitation section below).
(ERUs) are deployed.100,000 families receive water	 Procurement, transportation and distribution of 2,000 boxes of water purification tablets.
purification tablets within the first 3 months of the operation.	 Transportation, set-up and management of a base camp and satellite stations across 6 prefecture "hubs".

Objective 2 (1-12 months): To ensure up to 100,000 earthquake affected families receive appropriate food and non-food items (NFI) to support their move into transitional shelter and to meet the ongoing relief needs of vulnerable groups (once the first three months of government assistance are over).

Expected results Activities planned • 100,000 families receive a Procurement transportation and distribution of 100,000 guilts. quilt and food parcel (to Procurement transportation and distribution of 100,000 food supplement early parcels. government distributions) Procurement transportation and distribution of up to 100,000 during the first 12 months of kitchen sets. the operation. Procurement transportation and distribution of 100,000 hygiene • Up to 100,000 families kits (including bucket). receive kitchen sets during the first 12 months of the operation. 100,000 families receive hygiene kits during the first 12 months of the operation.

Progress: For Objective 1, see section on water and sanitation. Relief items distributed in the last three months by RCSC have included more than 150,000 tents (including International Federation-mobilized ones – see section on Shelter), over 120,000 quilts, 250,000 pieces of clothing, 1.7 million mosquito nets, and 6,480 tons of food items. The Federation relief team has conducted monitoring trips to five of the 18 prefectures that received tents and found that documentation for the distribution process is in place and relatively well maintained.

Significant progress has been made in the procurement of 100,000 quilts, hygiene parcels and kitchen sets according to Federation standards as well as Chinese national and industry standards. Activities also include full translations of all documents, establishing relationships with quality control authorities, and establishing a database of suppliers for current and future procurement. Federation food parcels will include rice and cooking oil

for affected families in Sichuan, and wheat flour and cooking oil for affected families in Gansu and Shaanxi. Targeting of beneficiaries for the food parcels is underway and the distribution of quilts, kitchen sets and hygiene kits is planned for October/November. A distribution plan for the family kits has been drawn up for 33 affected counties in Sichuan, Gansu and Shaanxi. This distribution exercise will target families most affected by the earthquake particularly vulnerable households with disabilities and elderly, as well as families moving into transitional shelter.

Challenges: The key challenge for procurement has been the lack of timely information about local standards as well as a lack of technical translation expertise. This has led to some delay initially which was overcome by contracting the services of an accredited translation agent. Subsequently, documents were promptly translated and presented to the secretariat in Geneva via the regional logistics unit in Kuala Lumpur and approved by CoC within two days. The challenge for the monitoring of relief distribution has to do with the geographical remoteness and inaccessibility of counties, townships and villages, as well as the difficulty of accessing documentation at the lower administrative levels. It has taken a great deal of time for documents to be returned to the prefecture level. In addition to making it challenging to monitor and reconcile information, this has also hindered the compilation and analysis of distribution numbers.

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Objective 1 (0-3 months): To ensure that up to 100,000 earthquake-affected families receive appropriate emergency shelter (family tents) to help preserve their physical and mental well-being, human dignity and prevent the further deterioration of the humanitarian situation.

Expected results	Activities planned
100,000 families are safely sheltered in family tents by the end of June 2008.	 The mobilization (including transportation and distribution) of 100,000 family tents through in-kind donations and international procurement. Logistics technical support following International Federation standard operating procedures for RCSC tracking, documentation and distribution (3,000 – 5,000 tents per day). Monitoring

Objective 2 (1-12 months): To provide technical support to the RCSC for the implementation of their transitional shelter programme (1,000 health centres and 1,500 schools) and provision of a base camp or transitional shelters to RCSC branches to support earthquake operations.

Expected results	Activities planned
RCSC staff and volunteers are supported to manage a large transitional shelter programme (health centres and schools).	 Technical assistance in transitional shelter planning and management. Deployment of a base camp in Deyang and transitional shelter facilities for more than 60 Red Cross Red Crescent local and international personnel. Handover of base camp facilities to RCSC branches.

Objective 3 (3-36 months): To provide new earthquake-resistant houses for 2,000 rural families whose homes were completely destroyed in the earthquake.

Expected results	Activities planned	
2,000 families whose houses were completely destroyed in the earthquake receive a new earthquake-resistant home within 3 years of the disaster.	 Detailed shelter needs and capacity assessments Pilot projects design and implementation Site and beneficiary selection in remote rural areas Provision of materials to 2,000 families to meet additional transitional shelter needs during reconstruction (locally procured shelter kits) 'Owner' or 'donor' driven house construction including water and sanitation facilities (60-80 square metres, 3 room brick/concrete reinforced column construction) 	

Progress: 90 percent of buildings in many of the affected areas were destroyed or made structurally unsafe by the earthquake, leaving five million people homeless. The Chinese government has made an international appeal for two million tents and the RCSC sought to mobilise 100,000 of these from outside China through the International Federation and other Red Cross Red Crescent partners. A total of 53 planes were chartered to deliver tents from manufacturers including from Iran. RCSC staff and volunteers worked tirelessly at receiving points such as the airport to meet and process multiple flights arriving daily. By the end of July, a total of 102,210 International Federation tents had been received in-country with proper documentation and dispatched to designated prefectures in Sichuan, Gansu and Shaanxi.

A breakdown of the distribution is as follows:

Province	Prefecture/City	No. Dispatched
Sichuan	Aba	11,096
	Deyang	23,007
	Guangyuan	14,960
	Mianyang	12,742
	Ya'an	4,218
Sichua	n Total	66,023
Shaanxi	Ankang	1,542
	Baoji	1,400
	Ganyang	1,500
	Hanzhong	2,500
	Shangluo	1,084
	Xi'an	2,770
Shaanx	ri Total	10,796
Gansu	Dingxi	1,000
	Gannan	602
	Lanzhou	3,250
	Longnan	5,533
	Pingliang	3,813
	Qingyang	4,554
	Tianshui	6,063
Gansu Total		24,815
TOTAL		101,634

Challenges: The speed of government relief efforts and the time lag between the request for tents and actual arrival in-country meant that the temporary shelter situation/needs changed very rapidly. Consequently a decision was made for a portion of these tents to be used to replenish stocks in RCSC disaster preparedness (DP) warehouses at prefecture and county levels, which had been depleted after the initial response. A technical assessment of permanent shelter needs was not possible partly as a result of visa restrictions. The rapid recovery assessment that was undertaken in July has identified the reconstruction of permanent rural homes as the single greatest need and provided information as a basis for discussions among Movement partners interested to support reconstruction.

Health (including Psycho-Social)

Objective 1 (0-3 months): To support the deployment of medical, first aid and psychological support teams to serve the emergency health and care needs of more than 20,000 earthquake affected people during the first 30 days after the disaster.

Expected results	Activities planned	
RCSC is supported to deploy 10 medical and first aid teams for the	Rapid deployment of 10 (2 RCSC and 6-8 health professionals) tages on two week retations.	
first 30 days after the disaster.	teams on two-week rotations Technical advice and monitoring	

Objective 2 (1-12 months): To provide technical assistance and training in support of RCSC health service provision (through RCSC health clinics and to complement the water and sanitation ERUs) during the first 12 months after the disaster.

Expected results	Activities planned
Enhanced RCSC capacity to support and provide quality health services to up to 1,000 transitional RCSC health clinics, field hospitals and to complement water and sanitation ERUs	 Technical advice and training in emergency health and care, psychological first aid and basic psychological assessment. Training and awareness-raising for RCSC on the needs and methods for longer term psychosocial programming.
Objective 3 (3-36 months): To	provide technical assistance and training in support of RCSC emergency

health preparedness and service provision during the 3 years following the disaster. **Expected results Activities planned** Health emergency training for RCSC staff and volunteers Enhanced RCSC capacity in emergency health Development of guidelines on psychosocial preparedness emergencies. Permanent shelter beneficiary Translation and printing of 'IASC guidelines on Mental Health and communities receive first aid Psychological Support in Emergency Settings' into Chinese training and health awareness Establish a national roster of psychosocial support trained staff and raising support. volunteers available for emergency deployment. First aid and participatory hygiene and sanitation transformation (PHAST) training for communities involved in the permanent shelter programme.

Progress: By the end of May, RCSC had deployed a total of 10 medical teams each consisting of 10-20 staff. Two of these teams focused on providing psycho-social support, training volunteers in Sichuan to undertake psycho-social outreach within the affected communities. The IASC document "Guidelines on Mental Health and Psychological Support in Emergency Settings" has been fully translated into Chinese and shared with RCSC and other interested organizations. Since then, the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences has taken on the role of psycho-social support programming, deploying over 200 psychologists and other staff.



90-year-old Jiang Qiang being accompanied by his son as he leaves the Red Cross field hospital in Dujiangyan after being under observation for a heart condition. Photo: Francis Markus/International Federation

The other major Red Cross health intervention during the emergency phase has been the successful deployment, setting up and operation of the bilateral German-Chinese Red Cross field hospital in Duijangvan. After an eventful three months, the closure of the field hospital is being planned for end of August in line with the start of operations of a transitional hospital facility. During this time, the 54-bed field hospital with 121 personnel treated more than 66,000 patients, including 7,008 emergency cases, and safely delivered two babies. As the needs of patients have evolved in the weeks following the disaster, so have the profiles and skills of teams of medical staff on rotation from Shanghai Huashan Hospital, a unit of the Chinese Red Cross. Initial teams were dominated by intensive-care and orthopaedic specialists. Subsequently there were more renal and infectious disease specialists, cardiovascular and

dermatologists. The services of the field hospital will be transferred to the transitional hospital a short distance away. Information about the change is being given out to the public over a seven-day period. Another important role played by the hospital has been in providing mobile post-operative care to displaced earthquake survivors. Using the three ambulances available to the hospital, doctors have been going out to the camps and bringing back patients requiring more complex treatment. At the time of reporting, the field hospital's tents and equipment were being packed up with technical support provided by two staff from German Red Cross.

The Huashan Hospital will conduct a review of the field hospital's operation to draw out lessons learned that could be useful for future use of the field hospital as a whole or in parts. To build RCSC capacity in responding to health needs in an emergency, the Federation is also planning a workshop called "Public Health in Emergencies" to be held in Beijing at the end of October.

Water, sanitation, and hygiene promotion		
Objective 1 (0-3 months): Provide urgently needed drinking water, sanitation services and hygiene promotion		
to up to 30,000 earthquake affected people for the first three months of the operation.		
Expected results	Activities planned	

- Two water and sanitation emergency response units (ERUs) effectively serving 30,000 earthquake-affected people in Mianzhu county for the first 3 months of the operation.
- One mass sanitation ERU effectively serving 20,000 earthquake-affected people in Mianzhu county for the first 3 months of the operation.
- Procurement and distribution of water purification tablets (see relief items section above)
- Deployment of two M15 water and sanitation ERUs
- Deployment of one mass sanitation ERU
- On-the-job training and technical support to RCSC ERU "counterparts"

Objective 2 (1-12 months): Provide technical assistance and training in support of the handover of emergency response units (ERUs) to RCSC and continuation of service provision during the first 12 months after the disaster.

Expected results	Activities planned
RCSC effectively takes over and continues service provision through ERUs for 12 months after the disaster RCSC staff have enhanced	Technical support for the handover and continuation of service provision of ERUs
capacity for providing emergency water and sanitation.	 Provision of basic water and sanitation kits for Red Cross Red Crescent staff and volunteers who are deployed for relief operations. Monitoring and evaluation

Objective 3 (3-36 months): Provide technical assistance and training to RCSC in water and sanitation in

emergencies and ERU deploymer shelter beneficiaries.	nt and provision of water, sanitation and hygiene facilities to permanent
Expected results	Activities planned
 RCSC has the relevant skills and capacity to deploy ERUs domestically and internationally Appropriate water and sanitation facilities are provided to 2,000 households and host communities involved in the permanent shelter programme 	 Water and sanitation in emergencies training Technical assistance on ERU development and deployment Detailed water and sanitation needs and capacity assessments in target areas of the permanent shelter programme Pilot projects design and implementation (integrated with permanent shelter) Monitoring and evaluation Site and beneficiary selection in remote rural areas (integrated with permanent shelter) Provision of community water and sanitation facilities in target communities (under CBDP and permanent shelter programmes)

Progress: Due to the rapid deployment of two M15 water emergency response units (ERUs), one from the Austrian Red Cross and the other from the Spanish Red Cross, with the capacity to meet the emergency water needs of up to 30,000 people, the planned procurement and distribution of water purification tablets by the International Federation was not carried out. People were also receiving and using water purification tablets given by the government, which had reportedly distributed 1.3 million purification tablets and 1,000 household purification sets. Up until 12 August, the two water ERUs treated a total of 3,041 cubic metres of safe water which was distributed in and around the townships of Jiulong, Zundao, and Xinglong in Mianzhu county, via a network of 52 water points, serving more than 12,000 people. One mass sanitation module ERU from the British Red Cross was successfully deployed, which enabled the setting up of 306 latrines around the area with community participation. Hygiene promotion was also carried out at the same time. RCSC counterpart teams (a total of 20 RCSC staff and volunteers) worked closely alongside the international ERU teams and were trained in the key aspects of water ERU operation and maintenance. Another 13 RCSC counterparts were trained in the operation and maintenance of the British mass sanitation module, including the complementary hygiene promotion activities.

By late July when the ERUs were handed over to RCSC, a total of 34 international delegates from the Austrian, British, Danish, Indonesian, French and the Spanish Red Cross Societies have been deployed on various rotations. The RCSC plans to continue operating the ERUs until the end of August or until permanent solutions can be found. The exception is the Austrian Red Cross water unit, which has been packed and stored at the Hunan branch of RCSC, ready for future deployment. In the whole process of ERU operations and handing over.

the local bilingual field officers have been instrumental in facilitating communication and knowledge transfer and will be an important source of knowledge in the future.

Further training at RCSC national level is being planned for next year as part of a national DM strategy, with the



Friendships forged are not forgotten – Chinese Red Cross counterparts, members of the Spanish Red Cross and British RC ERUs, field officers and other local staff have worked closely together in difficult conditions for over two months to provide safe water to earthquake survivors in Jiulong and Zundao townships in Mianzhu county, Photo: International Federation



RCSC team members operate the M15 water ERU independently, after having been trained in all aspects of ERU operations and maintenance by the Austrian Red Cross. Photo: Mike Wolf/International Federation.

expected involvement of the same partner National Societies that had deployed the ERUs. A longer-term water and sanitation delegate has started working from the Chengdu office, to undertake capacity building as well as maintain technical support to RCSC in the recovery phase of the earthquake operations.

Challenges: There were some initial difficulties with local authorities on the allocation of land for use by the ERUs, resulting in several site changes involving packing and unpacking and consequent delay in starting up. These initial difficulties were later resolved. In the duration the ERUs have been fully functional, the international ERU teams have built goodwill and won the respect of both local authorities and community members to the extent that the communities initiated ceremonies to express their appreciation of the hard work of the international teams.

Rural Livelihoods				
	le training and technical advice to RCSC on livelihoods substitution and re- kible aid delivery methods (cash and voucher transfer programming).			
Expected results	Activities planned			
RCSC has the skills and capacity to expand livelihoods programming under its earthquake response and ongoing CBDP programmes.	 Technical advice and training on livelihoods programming and integrated programming approaches building upon vulnerability and capacity assessments (VCA) activities and CBDP programming 			
Objective 2 (3-36 months): Provide livelihoods support to 2,000 families participating in the permanent shelter				
programme within 3 years of the disaster.				
Expected results	Activities planned			

- Appropriate livelihoods support provided to 2,000 households and host communities involved in the permanent shelter programme.
- Detailed assessment of rural livelihoods in the target communities
- Pilot projects design and implementation (integrated with shelter, water and sanitation and health activities)
- Site and beneficiary selection in remote rural areas
- Provision of livelihoods grants and / or materials to 2,000 families and host communities to meet livelihoods substitution, reestablishment, diversification or strengthening needs.
- Monitoring and evaluation

Progress and Challenges: No activities for livelihoods were planned for the relief phase of 0-3 months. Activities planned for the transition/early recovery and reconstruction/longer-term recovery phases have not begun as the recruitment of a recovery/livelihoods delegate for the Chengdu operations is still on-going. However, a joint RCSC-Federation rapid assessment in July has indicated broad areas and possibilities for livelihoods programming and it is expected that these will be refined in the following months, based on the findings and recommendations of a planned technical shelter assessment in September, and as the permanent shelter programme gets underway.

Communications - Advocacy and Public Information

The first few days after the earthquake saw intensive media interest and exposure, with the International Federation media consultant and other members of the regional office responding to multiple requests from radio and television media including BBC, CNN, CBC, CBC, CTV, ABC Australia and Al Jazeera International. There was substantial coverage focusing on the Chinese Red Cross response, specifically on volunteers, relief distribution, and needs in the immediate future. The regional DM delegate was one of the first on the scene in Beichuan county and his eye-witness accounts were relayed to partner National Societies and the media as soon as communications from the field could be established. The head of regional office in Beijing took part in a CCTV9 special programme on the earthquake as well as several other discussions on Chinese television.



Sichuan – one of many families living in tents provided by the Red Cross until transitional and permanent housing can be built. Photo: Travis Betz/International Federation.

Following the arrival of the International Federation media team consisting of the regional media consultant, photographer and a cameraman in Sichuan on 16 May, six internet stories were carried on the Federation website within weeks. Some were picked up by high profile media outlets such as ABC in the US on the search for missing relatives. At least eight press releases were published, covering the latest developments in both the Federation and RCSC earthquake response. Further media coverage, both domestic and international, was garnered after the arrival of the ERUs. The key message was the contribution of the ERUs to preventing diseases and improving difficult living conditions. The visit of the International Federation President in early June provided another platform for further media coverage including AFP, TVE, EFE, El Mundo.

The level of media interest and activities has been maintained in the three months, with more

recent coverage that included a <u>BBC Online story</u> quoting the media consultant on monitoring procedures, a briefing by head of regional office to the Foreign Correspondents' Club of China in June, a visit to the ERU operations by the Times of London newspaper, two reports by Sichuan TV, a <u>Canadian television story</u> quoting the former head of Chengdu operations, and a briefing by the media consultant for former CNN Asia correspondent Mike Chinoy and his graduate journalism students from the University of Southern California during their Sichuan visit.

The buildup to the Olympics also presented media opportunities and activities, including basic media interview training/preparation for some of the Chengdu-based aid workers. The Federation assessment team leader was interviewed by a BBC television crew in Chengdu, while the media consultant was interviewed live on Sky TV's breakfast news in Beijing. Just prior to the Olympics opening, the media consultant initiated contact with BOCOG, the organizing committee, which resulted in a joint International Federation-RCSC briefing for journalists. At the

event, which was attended by International Federation President, the Federation made a presentation on the international Red Cross role in the earthquake response along with a presentation by RCSC Executive Vice President that touched on the RCSC reconstruction plans as well as its role in the Olympics.

How we work

All International Federation assistance seeks to adhere to the <u>Code of Conduct for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) in Disaster Relief and is committed to the <u>Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Disaster Response</u> (Sphere) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable.</u>

The International Federation's activities are aligned with its Global Agenda, which sets out four broad goals to meet the Federation's mission to "improve the lives of vulnerable people by mobilizing the power of humanity".

Global Agenda Goals:

- Reduce the numbers of deaths, injuries and impact from disasters.
- Reduce the number of deaths, illnesses and impact from diseases and public health emergencies.
- Increase local community, civil society and Red Cross Red Crescent capacity to address the most urgent situations of vulnerability.
- Reduce intolerance, discrimination and social exclusion and promote respect for diversity and human dignity.

Contact information

For further information specifically related to this operation please contact:

- Red Cross Society of China: Mr. Wang Xiaohua, director of external relations department; email: rcsc@chineseredcross.org.cn; phone: +86 10 6404.8366, fax +86 10 6402.9928.
- East Asia regional office in China: Mr. Carl Naucler, (head of regional office), email: carl.naucler@ifrc.org; and Mr. Qinghui Gu (regional disaster management coordinator), email: qinghui.gu@ifrc.org; phone +86 1391 0959 834, fax +86 10 6532 7166.
- Federation zone office in Kuala Lumpur:
 - Alistair Henley, head of zone office, phone: +6012 203 8254, email: alistair.henley@ifrc.org,
 - Amy Gaver, head of disaster management unit, phone: + 60 3 9207 5700, fax: +60 3 2161 0670, mobile +60 12 220 1174, email: amy.gaver@ifrc.org
 - For pledges of funding: Penny Elghady, resource mobilization and PMER coordinator, phone: +60 3 9207 5775, email: penny.elghady@ifrc.org
 - For mobilization of relief items: Igor Dmitryuk, head of regional logistics unit, phone: +60 1 2212 2407, fax: +60 3 2168 8573, email: igor.dmitryuk@ifrc.org
- Federation secretariat in Geneva: Christine South, operations coordinator, Asia Pacific, phone: +41 22 730 4529; mobile: +41 79 308 9824; email: christine.south@ifrc.org
- For media enquiries: Francis Markus (Chengdu): +86 13 91 00 96 892, Jason Smith (Kuala Lumpur): +60 12 38 70 829, Federation duty phone (Geneva): +41 79 41 63 881

<Revised budget and map of affected areas below; click here to return to the title page> CHINA: SICHUAN EARTHQUAKE

MDRCN003

PELIEF NEEDS Select Period	Net Request	20,076,412	59,519,786	(76,666,262)
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RELIEF NEEDS Sheller Finets (Including Air Transport*) 6 30,000 45,200,000* (44,570,000) Construction Materials 5,000,000 17,000,000 (12,000,000) Clothing & Textilles 4,000,000 5,000,000 3,000,000 Food 5,000,000 5,000,000 165,000 Water & Sanitation 285,000 120,000 165,000 Medical & First Aid 740,000 740,000 (500,000) Medical & First Aid 740,000 740,000 (500,000) Usensils & Tools 2,5000 3,500,000 (2,675,000) Other Supplies & Services - 11,200,000 (11,200,000) Other Supplies & Services - - 7,780,000 CAPITAL EQUIPMENT - - - 7,780,000 (2,675,000) Capital Equipment 30,000 90,000 (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000)		· · ·		
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Relief NetSon Relief Treits (Including Air Transport*) 63,000 45,200,000 (44,570,000) Construction Materials 5,000,000 17,000,000 (30,000,000) Construction Materials 4,000,000 1,000,000 30,000,000 Food 5,000,000 120,000 165,000 Water & Sanitation 740,000 740,000 165,000 Medical & First Aid 740,000 740,000 (500,000) Heaching Materials 2.0 3,500,000 (26,750,000) Utensils & Tools 825,00 3,000,000 (11,200,000) Utensils & Tools 820,000 9,000 (10,000) CAPITAL EQUIPMET 30,000 9,000 (10,000) Wellicles Purchase 90,000 9,000 (10,000)		1,304,967	6,288,274	(4,983,307)
RELIEF NEEDS Relief Trens (Including Air Transport*) 630,000 45,200,000 * (44,570,000) Construction Materials 5,000,000 17,000,000 (12,000,000) Construction Materials 4,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 Food 5,000,000 120,000 165,000 Water & Sanitation 285,000 120,000 165,000 Medical & First Aid 740,000 740,000 165,000 Heaching Materials 2.0 500,000 (500,000) Ubusils & Tools 825,000 350,000 (26,750,000) Ubersils & Services 11,200,000 11,200,000 (26,750,000) Ubersils & Services 16,480,000 84,260,000 (26,750,000) Where Supplies & Services 15,000,000 11,200,000 (11,200,000) Where Supplies & Services 16,480,000 90,000 10,100,000 Where Supplies & Services 10,000 90,000 10,100,000 Whiches Purchase 90,000 90,000 10,100,000 Whiches Purchase 90,000 90,000 <td>·</td> <td>40,445</td> <td>200,000</td> <td>(241,005)</td>	·	40,445	200,000	(241,005)
RELIEF NEEDS Shelter/Tents (Including Air Transport*) 630,000 45,200,000 * (44,570,000) Construction Materials 5,000,000 17,000,000 (12,000,000) Clothing & Textiles 4,000,000 5,000,000 3,000,000 Food 5,000,000 150,000 165,000 Water & Sanitation 285,000 120,000 165,000,000 Redicial & First Aid 740,000 550,000 (560,000) Utensils & Tools 825,000 5,000,000 (26,750,00) Other Supplies & Services 11,200,000 11,200,000 (26,750,00) Other Supplies & Services 5 11,200,000 (26,750,00) Other Supplies & Services 9,000 84,260,000 (26,700,00) Other Supplies & Services 9,000 90,000 (11,200,000) Total Relief Needs 9,000 90,000 (10,000) Office/Household Furniture & Equip. 30,000 90,000 (10,000) Office/Household Furniture & Equip. 30,000 80,000 (600,000) Distribution	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			` ' '
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RELIEF NEEDS Shelter/Tents (Including Air Transport*) 630,000 45,200,000 (44,570,000) Construction Materials 5,000,000 17,000,000 10,000,000 Clothing & Textiles 4,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 Food 5,000,000 5,000,000 165,000 Water & Sanitation 285,000 120,000 165,000 Medical & First Aid 740,000 740,000 760,000 Teaching Materials 5,000,000 5,000,000 (500,000) Utensils & Tools 825,000 3,500,000 (2,675,000) Other Supplies & Services 1,1200,000 700,000 (2,675,000) Total Relief Needs 5 1,200,000 700,000 (2,675,000) CAPITAL EQUIPMENT 3 4,200,000 90,000 90,000 90,000 90,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000	Information & Public Relations	36,000	108,000	, ,
RELIEF NEEDS Shelter/Tents (Including Air Transport*) 630,000 45,200,000 4(4,570,000) Construction Materials 5,000,000 17,000,000 (12,000,000) Clothing & Textiles 4,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 Food 5,000,000 120,000 165,000 Medical & First Aid 740,000 70,000 (500,000) Teaching Materials - 500,000 (500,000) Utensils & Tools 825,000 3,500,000 (500,000) Total Relief Needs 16,480,000 80,200 (60,780,000) CAPITAL EQUIPMENT - 11,200,000 (71,200,000) Vehicles Purchase 90,000 90,000 (10,000) Computers & Telecom Equipment 30,000 40,000 (10,000) Office/Household Furniture & Equip. - 120,000 (600,000) Transport & Vehicles Costs 200,000 800,000 (600,000) Distribution & Monitoring related to Relief Needs 200,000 800,000 (250,000) Transport & Vehicles Costs		180,000	600,000	(420,000)
RELIEF NEEDS Shelter/Tents (Including Air Transport*) 630,000 45,200,000* (44,570,000) Construction Materials 5,000,000 17,000,000 (12,000,000) Clothing & Textiles 4,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 Food 5,000,000 5,000,000 165,000 Water & Sanitation 285,000 120,000 165,000 Medical & First Aid 740,000 740,000 (500,000) Utensils & Tools 825,000 3500,000 (26,675,000) Utensils & Tools 825,000 3500,000 (26,675,000) Other Supplies & Services - 11,200,000 (61,750,000) Other Supplies & Services - 11,200,000 (67,780,000) Total Relief Needs 5 90,000 90,000 (77,80,000) Vehicles Purchase 90,000 90,000 (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) (10,000) </td <td>GENERAL EXPENSES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td>	GENERAL EXPENSES			,
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RELIEF NEEDS Shelter/Tents (Including Air Transport*) 630,000 45,200,000 44,570,000) Construction Materials 5,000,000 17,000,000 (12,000,000) Clothing & Textiles 4,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 Food 5,000,000 5,000,000 120,000 165,000 Water & Sanitation 285,000 120,000 165,000 Medical & First Aid 740,000 740,000 Teaching Materials - 500,000 (500,000) Utensils & Tools 825,000 3,500,000 (2,675,000) Other Supplies & Services - 11,200,000 (11,200,000)	CAPITAL EQUIPMENT			
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RELIEF NEEDS Shelter/Tents (Including Air Transport*) 630,000 45,200,000 * (44,570,000) Construction Materials 5,000,000 17,000,000 (12,000,000) Clothing & Textiles 4,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 Food 5,000,000 5,000,000 120,000 165,000 Water & Sanitation 285,000 740,000 740,000 Medical & First Aid 740,000 740,000 (500,000) Teaching Materials - 500,000 (500,000)	Other Supplies & Services	- -	11,200,000	,
RELIEF NEEDS Shelter/Tents (Including Air Transport*) 630,000 45,200,000 * (44,570,000) Construction Materials 5,000,000 17,000,000 (12,000,000) Clothing & Textiles 4,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 Food 5,000,000 5,000,000 120,000 165,000 Water & Sanitation 740,000 740,000 10,000 <td>· ·</td> <td>825,000</td> <td>•</td> <td></td>	· ·	825,000	•	
RELIEF NEEDS Shelter/Tents (Including Air Transport*) 630,000 45,200,000 (44,570,000) Construction Materials 5,000,000 17,000,000 (12,000,000) Clothing & Textiles 4,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 Food 5,000,000 5,000,000 120,000 165,000 Water & Sanitation 285,000 120,000 165,000	Teaching Materials	-	500,000	(500,000)
RELIEF NEEDS Shelter/Tents (Including Air Transport*) 630,000 45,200,000 * (44,570,000) Construction Materials 5,000,000 17,000,000 (12,000,000) Clothing & Textiles 4,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 Food 5,000,000 5,000,000	Medical & First Aid	740,000	740,000	
RELIEF NEEDS Shelter/Tents (Including Air Transport*) 630,000 45,200,000 * (44,570,000) Construction Materials 5,000,000 17,000,000 (12,000,000) Clothing & Textiles 4,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000	Water & Sanitation	285,000	120,000	165,000
RELIEF NEEDS Shelter/Tents (Including Air Transport*) 630,000 45,200,000 * (44,570,000) Construction Materials 5,000,000 17,000,000 (12,000,000)	Food	5,000,000	5,000,000	
RELIEF NEEDS Shelter/Tents (Including Air Transport*) 630,000 45,200,000 * (44,570,000)	Clothing & Textiles	4,000,000	1,000,000	3,000,000
RELIEF NEEDS	Construction Materials	5,000,000	17,000,000	(12,000,000)
	Shelter/Tents (Including Air Transport*)	630,000	45,200,000 *	(44,570,000)
ORIGINAL REVISED VARIANCE	RELIEF NEEDS			
		ORIGINAL	REVISED	VARIANCE

Note *

Airfreight charges of CHF 17.2 million, currently included under 'Relief Needs' in this budget summary annex, will be moved to 'Transport, Storage and Vehicles' in the next revised appeal.

The budget lines are accurately reflected in the interim financial report attached below.

MDRCN003 - China - Sichuan Earthquake

Interim Financial Report

Selected Parameters				
Reporting Timeframe	2008/5-2008/7			
Budget Timeframe	2008/5-2011/6			
Appeal	MDRCN003			
Budget	APPEAL			

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

I. Consolidated Response to Appeal

	Goal 1: Disaster Management	Goal 2: Health and Care	Goal 3: Capacity Building	Goal 4: Principles and Values	Coordination	TOTAL
A. Budget	96,742,674					96,742,674
B. Opening Balance	0					0
Income						
Cash contributions						
American Government	520,000					520,000
American Red Cross	10,400,000					10,400,000
Australian Red Cross	3,643,800					3,643,800
Australian Red Cross (from Australian Government)	995,500					995.500
Austria - Private Donors	485					485
Belgium Red Cross (Flanders)	8,460					8,460
Brazil - Private Donors	6,373					6,373
British Red Cross	1,054,020					1,054,020
Bulgarian Red Cross	5,000					5,000
Cambodia - Private Donors	170					170
Canada - Private Donors	5,200					5,200
Canadian Red Cross	5,171,760					5,171,760
Canadian Red Cross (from Canadian Government)	1,026,030					1,026,030
China - Private Donors	32					7,020,030
Czech Red Cross						
Danish Red Cross	10,202					10,202
Danish Red Cross (from Danish Government)	10,749					10,749
	670,030					670,030
DELL Direct Giving Campaign	89,342					89,342
Finnish Red Cross	57,318					57,318
France - Private Donors	2,668					2,668
German Red Cross	39,565					39,565
Germany - Private Donors	121					121
Germany - Private Donors (from Switzerland - Private Donors)	100					100
Great Britain - Private Donors	21,023					21,023
IATA	8,650					8,650
Icelandic Red Cross (from Icelandic Government)	109,646					109,646
India - Private Donors	1,843					1,843
Indonesia - Private Donors	2,209					2,209
Ireland - Private Donors	1,256					1,256
Irish Government	1,627,000					1,627,000
Irish Red Cross	283,001					283,001
Italian Govt Bilateral Emergency Fund	1,612,150					1,612,150
Japanese Government	1,785,000					1,785,000
Japanese Red Cross	471,815					471,815
Japan - Private Donors	3,150					3,150
Lithuanian Red Cross	976					976
Luxembourg Government	104,900					104,900
Malaysian Red Crescent	10,546					10,546
Malaysia - Private Donors	1,780					1,780
Mauritius Red Cross	191					191
Monaco Red Cross	114,914					114,914
Netherlands - Private Donors	8,335					8,335
Netherlands Red Cross	183,471					183,471
Netherlands Red Cross (from Netherlands						
Government)	813,500					813,500

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MDRCN003 - China - Sichuan Earthquake

Interim Financial Report

Selected Parameters				
Reporting Timeframe	2008/5-2008/7			
Budget Timeframe	2008/5-2011/6			
Appeal	MDRCN003			
Budget	APPEAL			

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

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New Zealand Red Cross	235,893	235,89
New Zealand Red Cross (from New Zealand Government)	664,365	664,36
Nigeria private donors	1,024	1,02
Norwegian Red Cross	82,400	82,40
Office of the Representative of the Dalai Lama	52,000	52,00
On Line donations	749,993	749,99
Royal & Sun Alliance	12,714	12,71
Singapore - Private Donors	9,975	9,97
Singapore Red Cross	114,048	114,04
Slovenia Government	161,500	161,50
South Africa Government	193,050	193,05
Spain - Private Donors	1,985	1,98
Sri Lanka Red Cross	3,250	3,25
Stavros Niarchos Foundation	260,000	260,00
Swedish - Private Donors	32	3
Switzerland - Private Donors	19,516	19,51
Thailand - Private Donors	5,200	5,20
Total	51,000	51,00
United Arab Emirates - Private Dono	1,115	1,11
United Arab Emirates Red Crescent	20,981	20,98
United States - Private Donors	126,306	126,30
United Technologies	262,500	262,50
United Technologies (from United States - Private Donors)	5,250	5,25
VERF/WHO Voluntary Emergency Relief	4,400	4,40
C1. Cash contributions	33,920,778	33,920,77
Outstanding pledges (Revalued)		
Australian Red Cross	2,450,000	2,450,00
British Red Cross	1,852,809	1,852,80
Canadian Red Cross (from Canadian Government)	2,524,500	2,524,50
Cook Islands Red Cross	77	7
Finnish Red Cross	408.750	408.75
Finnish Red Cross (from Finnish Government)	784,800	784,80
Greek Government	327,000	327,00
Irish Red Cross	0	321,00
Japanese Red Cross	4,720,185	4,720,18
Netherlands Red Cross	327,000	327,00
New York Office (from Alcatel Lucent)	157,500	157,50
New York Office (from Heinz)	105,000	105.00
New York Office (from Hospira)	105,000	105,00
New York Office (from Huber)	52,500	52,50
New York Office (from Jones apparel Group)	22,952	22,95
New York Office (from Kraft Foods)	157,500	22,93
New York Office (from United States - Private Donors)	39,085	39,08
OPEC Fund For International Developm	1,050,000	1,050,00
Qatar Red Crescent	56,700	56,70
South Africa - Private Donors	389	30,70
Swedish Red Cross (from Swedish Government)	345,400	345,40
Switzerland - Private Donors	5.000	5.00
C2. Outstanding pledges (Revalued)	15,492,148	5,00 15,492,14
	. 3,702,170	10,432,14
Inkind Goods & Transport		
Belgium Red Cross (Flanders)	130,160	130,16
British Red Cross	2,578,367	2,578,36

MDRCN003 - China - Sichuan Earthquake

Interim Financial Report

Selected Parameters				
Reporting Timeframe	2008/5-2008/7			
Budget Timeframe	2008/5-2011/6			
Appeal	MDRCN003			
Budget	APPEAL			

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

Appeal Coverage	68%	68%
). Total Funding = B +C	66,100,423	66,100,423
C. Total Income = SUM(C1C5)	66,100,423	66,100,423
C4. Inkind Personnel	9,093	9,09
Australian Red Cross	4,400	4,40
American Red Cross	4,693	4,69
Inkind Personnel	10,010,404	10,010,40
C3. Inkind Goods & Transport	16,678,404	16,678,40
Spanish Red Cross	695.552	695,55
Norwegian Red Cross	1.876.304	1,876,30
Netherlands Red Cross	3,662,744	3,662,74
Japanese Red Cross	3,250,394	3,250,394
German Red Cross	1,113,254	1,113,25
Finnish Red Cross	883.428	883,42
Danish Red Cross	1,288,350	1,288,35
Canadian Red Cross	950.156	950.150
Canadian Government	249.696	249,690

II. Balance of Funds

	Goal 1: Disaster Management	Goal 2: Health and Care	Goal 3: Capacity Building	Goal 4: Principles and Values	Coordination	TOTAL
B. Opening Balance	0					0
C. Income	66,100,423					66,100,423
E. Expenditure	-40,082,033					-40,082,033
F. Closing Balance = (B + C + E)	26,018,391					26,018,391

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MDRCN003 - China - Sichuan Earthquake

Interim Financial Report

Selected Parameters				
Reporting Timeframe	2008/5-2008/7			
Budget Timeframe	2008/5-2011/6			
Appeal	MDRCN003			
Budget	APPEAL			

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

III. Budget Analysis / Breakdown of Expenditure

Account Groups	Budget				nditure	Т		Variance
Account Groups	Buuget	Goal 1: Disaster Management	Goal 2: Health and Care	Goal 3: Capacity Building	Goal 4: Principles and Values	Coordination	TOTAL	variance
	Α						В	A - B
BUDGET (C)		96,742,674					96,742,674	
Supplies						·		
Shelter - Relief	28,000,000	22,221,068					22,221,068	5,778,93
Shelter - Transitional	20,000,000	1,025,850					1,025,850	-1,025,85
Construction Materials	17,000,000	1,020,000					1,020,000	17,000,00
Clothing & textiles	1,000,000							1,000,00
Food	5,000,000							5,000,00
Water & Sanitation	120,000							120,00
Medical & First Aid	740,000	1,424					1,424	738,57
Teaching Materials	500,000	,					,	500,00
Utensils & Tools	3,500,000							3,500,00
Other Supplies & Services	11,200,000	3,344,814					3,344,814	7,855,18
Total Supplies	67,060,000	26,593,156					26,593,156	40,466,84
Land vahialog & aguinment								
Land, vehicles & equipment Vehicles	90,000					1	T	90,00
Computers & Telecom	40,000							40,00
Office/Household Furniture & Equipm.								
Total Land, vehicles & equipment	120,000 250,000							120,00 250,00
Transport & Storage	230,000							250,00
Storage		24,148					24,148	-24,14
Distribution & Monitoring (Air Freight)	18,000,000	10,123,604					10,123,604	7,876,39
Transport & Vehicle Costs	350,000	922,194					922,194	-572,19
Total Transport & Storage	18,350,000	11,069,947					11,069,947	7,280,05
Personnel	10,000,000	11,000,041					11,000,041	7,200,00
International Staff	2,130,000	54,807					54,807	2,075,19
Regionally Deployed Staff	_,,	75					75	-7
National Staff	428,000	5,959					5,959	422,04
National Society Staff	48,000	6,053					6,053	41,94
Consultants	108,000	25,762					25,762	82,23
Total Personnel	2,714,000	92,656					92,656	2,621,34
Workshops & Training							· .	
Workshops & Training	150,000							150,00
Total Workshops & Training	150,000							150,00
General Expenditure						<u>'</u>	'	
Travel	600,000	53,411					53,411	546,58
Information & Public Relation	108,000	5,977					5,977	102,02
Office Costs	360,000	25,063					25,063	334,93
Communications	246,000	5,430					5,430	240,57
Professional Fees	319,400	0,400					3,430	319,40
Financial Charges	9,000	-100,900					-100,900	109,90
Other General Expenses	288,000	2,038					2,038	285,96
Total General Expenditure	1,930,400	-8,981					-8,981	1,939,38
Programme Support	1,000,400	-0,301					-0,301	1,555,56
Program Support	6,288,274	2,062,313				T	2,062,313	4,225,96
Total Programme Support	6,288,274	2,062,313					2,062,313	4,225,96
Services	0,200,214	_,,,,,,,,					_,,,,,,,,,	.,
Services & Recoveries		272,189					272,189	-272,18
Total Services		272,189					272,189	-272,18
Operational Provisions								_, _, 10
Operational Provisions		754					754	-75
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MDRCN003 - China - Sichuan Earthquake

Interim Financial Report

Selected Parameters					
Reporting Timeframe	2008/5-2008/7				
Budget Timeframe	2008/5-2011/6				
Appeal	MDRCN003				
Budget	APPEAL				

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

III. Budget Analysis / Breakdown of Expenditure

Account Groups	Budget	Expenditure						
		Goal 1: Disaster Management	Goal 2: Health and Care	Goal 3: Capacity Building	Goal 4: Principles and Values	Coordination	TOTAL	Variance
A							В	A - B
BUDGET (C)		96,742,674					96,742,674	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE (D)	96,742,674	40,082,033					40,082,033	56,660,641
VARIANCE (C - D)		56,660,641					56,660,641	

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China: Earthquake

